

Alachua County Stormwater Code Evaluation Update

Alachua County Environmental Protection Department

Oct 1, 2024 - BoCC Motion Mill Creek Sink developments



 Bring back recommendations to strengthen our stormwater quality code regulations and procedures immediately.

• Bring back recommendations to eliminate the current self-certification process ... and look at improving these regulations prior to preliminary approval.

Code verses Outcomes



- The Nature Conservancy did a review of stormwater codes across the state and Alachua County ranked very high.
- Our stormwater manual is recognized as one of the best in the state.
- Many of our protections are in various codes, not just stormwater code.
- We have not fundamentally changed the way development occurs.

Low Impact Development (LID)

LID is most successful when incorporated into earliest stages of planning.



Avoidance (LID)

Map natural infrastructure
Preserve open spaces, natural areas, trees and native soils
Retain natural hydrologic and topographic features in site plan

Tree protection, wetland protection, open space



Minimization (LID)

 Limit and disconnect impervious surfaces
 Mimic and maximize predevelopmet hydrologc processes
 Integrate practices that provide co-benefits and multifunctional areas



Mitigation (GSI)

- Implement runoff source control measures
- Employ natural processes to treat and retain stormwater
- Provide treatment and attenuation in multiple areas across the site

Resource and design intensive, expensive, req. maintenance₄

Low Impact Development Outcomes in Alachua County

<u>May 2019 - May 2024</u> Total Projects: 204

LID Required: 35 sites (4 are County Projects)

Bioswales	19
Forebay	7
Swale	4
Infiltration Vault	2
Rain Garden/ Bioretention	2
Outflow filter on Wet Pond	1



Stormwater Code Compliance



Water Quality Code - applicable to all persons within incorporated and unincorporated Alachua County.

Sec 77.28 – Required Documents

Within 30 calendar days of submitting an application for a final development plan... the applicant shall submit to the county:

- **a)** <u>**Project site plans**</u> clearly indicating the proposed BMPs used to meet stormwater treatment performance standards;
- **b)** <u>**Calculated nitrogen and phosphorous load reductions** for each of the BMPs used and for the overall stormwater management system, including supporting documentation and data;</u>
- **c)** <u>**Operation & maintenance requirements** for each BMP used and the entity responsible for the implementation of the requirements;</u>
- **d)** <u>An affidavit</u> from a registered professional engineer, architect or landscape architect ... certifying that the stormwater system meets all of the requirements of the Alachua County Stormwater Treatment Code.

Stormwater Code Compliance within the Municipalities



Alachua County is not receiving the required documents:

Year	ERPs	Confirmed Municipal Review	Self Certification Affidavit Received
2022	13	9	2
2023	12	7	1

*even with 100% compliance, timing of information is too late to create real change.

Staff's Review of Code



- Submittal compliance is low in the municipalities, but receiving documentation after approval is too late.
- Staff needs to get involved sooner in the process to shift the way sites are developed.
 - May have little influence in the municipalities, as we can not dictate land use.

Take Aways from Local Experts



- In Karst Geology most nutrients leach into groundwater before making it to stormwater basins.
- The key is to reduce land disturbance (Reisenger et al 2025):
 - Non-fertilized yards leach 10 X more nutrients than undisturbed land.
 - Fertilized yards leach 80 X more nutrients than undisturbed land.
- It is essential to do source control (fertilizer, leaf litter, reclaimed water).

Take Aways from BANCF Meeting



- Land is expensive and they feel they have to set aside so much due to tree protection driving design
- County achieving "avoidance" through Tree Code/Open Space/Conservation
- Consultants need designs to be time efficient (copy and paste between sites), not site specific
- How to get credit for doing other things like rain gardens and avoidance?
- Client pressure to maximize profit/lots

County verses 2024 State Stormwater Quality Code



- The State updated the State Stormwater Rule in 2024 and it goes into effect end of 2025.
- The State requirements are now mostly as protective as the County's and some are more stringent.
- The State rule still lacks specific groundwater requirements; County code currently has "General Groundwater Protection Standards within Sensitive Karst Areas (RESERVED)".

Next Steps



- Monitor outcomes from changes to State Rule (applies in municipalities).
- Evaluate outcomes from proposed changes to Tree Code:
 - Preservation of landmark Live Oaks (45" dbh and above) and champion trees in all development projects may decrease building footprint.
- Consider requiring soil amendments in Landscaping code once there is a local supplier.
 - Reduces fertilizer use and decreases stormwater runoff.





- Implement consistency check list and LID Inventory check list at preliminary review in unincorporated.
- Communicate expectations to consultants, builders, and developers.
- Consider requiring maintenance entities to do source control (street sweeping, inlet baskets, etc.).
- Identify further opportunities in EAR and Climate Action Plan.

Next Steps- Municipalities



- Improve early coordination with municipalities to get project information during pre-liminary
 - May require Code Change
- Staff could review those in sensitive areas
 - Could require additional staff member depending on workload

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- Bring back recommendations to strengthen our stormwater quality code regulations and procedures immediately.
 - Check list at preliminary
 - Require soil amendments in Landscaping Code
- Bring back recommendations to eliminate the current selfcertification process ... and look at improving these regulations prior to preliminary approval.
 - Pilot test reviewing applications in sensitive areas
 - Possibly update Code to change submittal deadlines

Municipality Case Study

- Ongoing collaboration with the City of Alachua on development in Mill Creek Sink Watershed
 - Four City of Alachua Public Meetings
 - Two Water Management District (WMD) meetings
 - Multiple letters to the City of Alachua and WMD
 - Dozens of staff meetings and phone calls
 - Technical review