



Through purchase of Land, and of Development Rights from willing landowners, and management & restoration of those lands to protect water resources, wildlife habitat, & provide recreational access.













### Santa Fe River Corridor

- Santa Fe River
- Hornsby Springshed Florida Wildlife Corridor
- Lakes Santa Fe and Alto
- Austin Cary Flatwoods
- Lochloosa Creek & Slough

### Southern Corridor

- Barr Hammock
- Watermelon Pond

#### Agricultural Land Protection

- Strengthening all Corridors
- Water Quality & Recharg
- Local Food Production

# A Corridor-Based Strategy







**Agricultural Properties in Alachua County** ock (Horsefarms/Dairy) Hay 18% 10% Fruit Greenhouse/Nursery 1% Legend zing Lan 67% Alachua County Agricultural Areas Blueberries Crops/Veg Since 1950: 50% Population Increase 2.5 50% Farmland Loss Miles 1:550,000

# The Strategy Development

- Building on the Alachua County Forever Program and Process:
  - Develop a strategy framework and process to provide more focused protection of agricultural lands.
  - Likely implemented as a sub-strategy under the Alachua County Forever Program.
- Present framework to the Board of County Commissioners, Citizens, and Stakeholder for input and review.
- Implement according to BOCC Direction.





## **DRAFT** - Mission Statement

# Protect Alachua County's agricultural resources through permanent conservation of farmland.

Agricultural resources are the primary means of production, including the land, soil, water, and people, which together comprise our agricultural community.



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#### **Draft - Property Ranking Matrix** ✓ 11 Screening Questions – To be answered through property site visit, and desktop review (55 points max). % of Farm offered for Easement? Agricultural Zoning? • Primary Ag Operation Type? Size of Easement (acres? • Greater than 50% Ag Land? Landowner Timeline for Easement? Less than 2/3 Forested? Farm Ownership Structure? Known Hazardous Sites on the • Agree to Fair Market Appraisal? Property?

- # of Structures other than residences (Ag supporting?)
- 14

Funding Partner in Place?



### ✓ 9 Environmental Ranking Question (45 points max.)

- Property enrolled in BMPs?
- Landowner using regenerative farming practices?
- Aquifer recharge value?
- Property in Santa Fe River, Watermelon Pond, or TMDL Watershed?
- In Springs Focus Area?

- % of property in Wetland or Floodplain?
- Proximity to Conservation Lands
- Willing to have Mgt Plan for Wildlife, Water, Soil, Nutrients?
- Potential Habitat for Wildlife?



# **Draft - Property Ranking Matrix**

### ✓ 6 Social Questions (25 points max.)

- Landowner qualifies as "historically underserved" or "limited resource"?
- Landowner directly involved in mgt. and operation of property?
- Heir's Property?
- Farm succession or transfer plan in place?
- Development Review (by EPD-NR staff).
- Immediate development threat adjacent to property?



# Draft -Agricultural Land Suitability GIS Model

**PURPOSE** = to evaluate agricultural lands suitability for protection (via easement) using geospatial analysis.

– Uses 8 datasets, each scored from 1-5 for strategy suitability, and combined in model. Max Score = 40.

#### HIGH RANK/MOST SUITABLE LANDS:

- Geospatial model ranking = HIGH (5)
- Likelihood of cost-share \$\$ = HIGH
  LOW RANK/LESS SUITABLE LANDS:
- Geospatial model ranking = LOW (1)
- Likelihood of cost-share \$\$ = LOW



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### Draft Agricultural Land Suitability Model data inputs

#1 Agricultural Land Use Types

FDACS FSAID (FL Statewide Agricultural Irrigation Demand) data clipped to Alachua County. Utilizing this accurate agricultural land cover dataset in the suitability model ensures the model assesses agricultural land.

- Livestock & Greenhouse = 1
- Aquaculture = 2
- Field Crops = 3
- Vegetables, Fruit (non citrus) = 4
- Grazing Land, Fallow, & Hay= 5

### Draft Agricultural Land Suitability Model data inputs



SRWMD Aquifer Recharge Data clipped to Alachua County. Protecting land in areas that promote aquifer recharge is critical to ensuring our water source is continually replenished.

#### **RANKS**

- Discharge = 1
- Recharge of 0-4 inches/year = 2
- Recharge of 4-8 inches/year = 3
- Recharge of 8-12 inches/year = 4
- Recharge of 12+ inches/year = 5

### Draft Agricultural Land Suitability Model data inputs

#3 Gopher Tortoise Habitat Suitability



State threatened keystone species. Protection aligns with NRCS Working Lands for Wildlife goals. Model includes depth to water table, soil temperature, soil type, water deficits between rainfall and evapotranspiration, and "Major Land Resource Areas".

- Low Suitability for tortoises = 1
- Medium Suitability for tortoises = 3
- Med. High Suitability for tortoises = 4
- Highly Suited for tortoises = 5

### Draft Agricultural Land Suitability Model data inputs

#4 Proximity to Conservation Lands



FSAID 2021 Agricultural Parcels proximity to FLMA Conservation Lands. Identify and give preference to agricultural lands adjacent or in close proximity to existing conservation lands.

- Greater than 2 miles distance = 1
- 1.5 mile to 2 mile distance = 2
- 1 mile to 1.5 mile distance = 3
- 0.5 to 1 mile distance = 4
- 0 to 0.5 mile distance = 5



### Draft Agricultural Land Suitability Model data inputs

#6 Springs Priority Focus Area Protection



Land within the FLDEP and Alachua County designated Springs Priority Focus Areas (SPFA) can qualify for competitive DEP "Springs Restoration Funding" as cost share for easement acquisition. There are 3 SPFA's in Alachua County, the "Columbia Hornsby Treehouse," "Poe" and "Devil's Ear".

### **RANKS**

- Lands outside a springs priority focus area = 1
- Lands inside a springs priority focus area = 5

### Draft Agricultural Land Suitability Model data inputs

#7 Soil Crop Productivity



SSURGO (Soil Survey Geographic Database). Crop productivity for a given soil type assigns a value for that soils ability to grow food. Prioritizes protecting agricultural land for the future of food production.

- Least productive soils = 1
- Low/Medium productivity = 2
- Moderate productivity = 3
- Medium High productivity = 4
- Most productive soils = 5









## **Stakeholder Outreach**

- \* Landowner Charette: 11/28/23
- \* Ongoing 1-on-1 Landowner Outreach





#### PRESENTATIONS

- Land Conservation Board : 4/25/24
- Environmental Protection Advisory Committee: 5/7/24
- Rural Concerns Committee: 5/21/24
- Board of County Commissioners Special Policy meetings: 12/5/23 & 6/4/24
- Rural Concerns Committee: 8/20/24

# Citizen Voice - Advisory Board or Subcommittee

**TASK** - Identify and recommend potential members and committee structure, and building a joint subcommittee from stakeholders:

- 1. LCB members
- 2. Rural Concerns Advisory Committee
- 3. Agricultural producers
- 4. Local Food Organization
- 5. IFAS Representatives
- 6. Diverse stakeholders representing county wide municipalities
- 7. Others?

Easement Funding Partners		
Name	What does it fund	Application /Enrollment Period
ACEP ALE	50% CE Value	Typically end of calendar or beginning of calendar year either December or January
RCPP	50% or 25% of CE Value	Periodic open enrollment periods depending on available funding and defined by lead partner
Springs Restoration funding & Alternate Water Supply	Acquisition costs typically 10% – 50% of CE value	Typically accept applications in December or each year. Funding awards are typically not announced until Fall or Winter the following year.
Florida Forever	Acquisition & due diligence	Varies depending on property status within or outside of a Florida Forever project area
Rural Family Lands Protection Program	25%-100% of CE Value & Due Diligence	Open enrollment periods. The last open enrollment was June 2023.



### Types of Staff Recommendations to be presented to BOCC

- Mission & Ranking Adoption
- Minimum Easement Deed Requirements/Language
- Ag Land Specific Funding Levels
  - Allocation of Land Conservation Budget % to Agricultural Easements
  - Requirements for Project Cost-Sharing from partners
- Advisory Board Structure
- Staffing/Equipment Needs



