



Agenda Item Summary

File #: 23-00405

Agenda Date: 8/8/2023

Agenda Item Name:

Fourth Amendment to the Interlocal Agreement with the City of Gainesville for Recycling Processing

Presenter:

Gus Olmos, Solid Waste and Resources Recovery Director, (352) 548-1282

Description:

Fourth Amendment to the Interlocal Agreement between Alachua County and the City of Gainesville for Recycling Processing. This amendment extends the term of the agreement to September 30, 2023.

Recommended Action:

Approve the Fourth Amendment to the Interlocal Agreement between Alachua County and the City of Gainesville for Recycling Processing and authorize the Chair to execute same on behalf of the County.

Prior Board Motions:

June 11, 2019 – Approval of the Interlocal Agreement between Alachua County and the City of Gainesville for Recycling Processing.

November 12, 2019 - Approval of the First Amendment to the Interlocal Agreement between Alachua County and the City of Gainesville for Recycling Processing.

December 8, 2020 – Approval of the Second Amendment to the Interlocal Agreement between Alachua County and the City of Gainesville for Recycling Processing.

June 14, 2022 - Approval of the Third Amendment to the Interlocal Agreement between Alachua County and the City of Gainesville for Recycling Processing.

Fiscal Note:

The Interlocal Agreement for recycling processing is on a sliding scale based on blended market price. When the blended market price is high, there is revenue sharing (400.76.7660.534.52.00) with the County paying the City but when the market price is low, the City has to pay the County a processing fee (400.76.7660.369.5000).

Strategic Guide:

Environment

Background:

The operation of the Materials Recovery Facility located at the Leveda Brown Environmental Park was

taken over by the County in 2014. For an operation like this, the processing costs per ton are dramatically affected by the amount of materials processed. By having the City of Gainesville commit to deliver all of their residential recyclable material to the County's facility, the County is able to better project our processing costs per ton and establish competitive rates in the fee schedule. The fee schedule is set up on a sliding scale based on a blended market price. When the blended market price is high, there is revenue sharing with the County paying the City but when the market price is low, the City has to pay the County a processing fee.